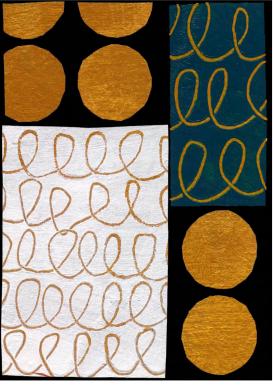


THE TWENTY-FIFTH SUNDAY AFTER PENTECOST

HOLY EUCHARIST



'Taxing Questions', © Jan Richardson.

Trinity welcomes all, gathering in faith, serving in love, and proclaiming the abundant life with hope through Jesus Christ.

www.trinitygulphmills.org

November 10 2024

THE ENTRANCE RITE

Book Of Common Prayer, pp. 355-60

J. Dixon

'American Pastorale'

In the Episcopal Church, the Prelude typically refers to a piece of music that is played immediately before the beginning of a service and generally reflects the theme, liturgical season, or occasion of the day.

The Prelude

(Please stand) The Processional Hymn 'Lo! He Comes, with Clouds Descending' - Hymn 57 (H-1982) Lo! he with clouds de ing, for 1 comes, scend once 2 Ev - ery shall now be hold him, robed in eye -3 Those dear of still tok his sion his ens pas 4 Yea, let all dore thee, high а men! a on sal tion slain; thou - sand thou sand our va _ dread - ful ma jes those who set at ty; daz - zling dy of less bo bears, cause end thine e ter _ nal throne; Sa - vior, take the saints at ing swell the tri - umph of his tend nought and sold him, pierced, and nailed him to the ul his ran - somed ship tion ex ta to wor -claim the king - dom for thine power and glo ry; Al train: Al le lu ia! le lu ia! ---wail - ing, tree, deep ly deep ly wail ing, with what rap - ture, with what rap ture, ers; -Al own: Al le - lu - ia! le lu ia! -Θ Al Christ the le lu - ia! Lord turns reign. re to wail - ing, deep ly shall the true Mes si ah see. glo - rious with what rap - ture gaze we on those scars! Al le - lu - ia! Thou shalt reign, and lone. thou а -

Words: Charles Wesley (1707-1788). Music: *Helmsley*, melody Thomas Augustine Arne (1710-1778); harm. Ralph Vaughan Williams (1872-1958), alt.

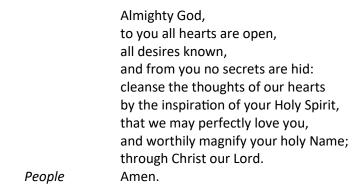
Opening Bidding and Acclamation

People	We meet in the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit. Amen.
People	Blessed be God: Father, Son, and Holy Spirit. And blessed be his kingdom, now and forever. Amen.

Worship begins with God. God takes the initiative, calling us together. Our first act of public worship, then, is to heed God's call and to join with others in praising Him. These words remind us that our worship centers in God, not in ourselves. Sometimes called a Prayer of Illumination, this Collect asks that the Holy Spirit open our minds and our hearts to the Word so that we may not only hear but understand, believe and praise God.

As a Trinitarian acclamation, the Gloria is an appropriate way to acknowledge with thanks and joy that we are the beneficiaries of the unmerited gift of God's grace and mercy.

The Collect for Purity



Gloria in excelsis Deo



In light of God's great saving work, this prayer asks God to help us serve him faithfully. 'Collect' is from the Latin 'collecta' meaning a gathering together.

The Salutation and Collect

People	The Lord be with you. And also with you.
	Let us pray -
	O God, whose blessed Son came into the world
	that he might destroy the works of the devil
	and make us children of God and heirs of eternal life:
	grant that, having this hope,
	we may purify ourselves as he is pure;
	that, when he comes again with power and great glory,
	we may be made like him in his eternal and glorious kingdom;
	where he lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit,
	one God, for ever and ever.
People	Amen.
	(Please sit)

The Lessons

The First Lesson Ruth 3:1-5; 4:13-17

Ruth and Boaz at the threshing floor; the genealogy of David.

Naomi her mother-in-law said to Ruth, "My daughter, I need to seek some security for you, so that it may be well with you. Now here is our kinsman Boaz, with whose young women you have been working. See, he is winnowing barley tonight at the threshing floor. Now wash and anoint yourself, and put on your best clothes and go down to the threshing floor; but do not make yourself known to the man until he has finished eating and drinking. When he lies down, observe the place where he lies; then, go and uncover his feet and lie down; and he will tell you what to do."

She said to her, "All that you tell me I will do."

So Boaz took Ruth and she became his wife. When they came together, the Lord made her conceive, and she bore a son. Then the women said to Naomi, "Blessed be the Lord, who has not left you this day without next-of-kin; and may his name be renowned in Israel! He shall be to you a restorer of life and a nourisher of your old age; for your daughter-in-law who loves you, who is more to you than seven sons, has borne him."

Then Naomi took the child and laid him in her bosom, and became his nurse. The women of the neighborhood gave him a name, saying, "A son has been born to Naomi." They named him Obed; he became the father of Jesse, the father of David.

People	The Word of the Lord. Thanks be to God.
The Psalm <i>Refrain</i>	Psalm 127 The Lord shall keep watch over your going out and your coming in.
	Unless the Lord builds the house, * their labor is in vain who build it.
	Unless the Lord watches over the city, * in vain the watchman keeps his vigil.
	It is in vain that you rise so early and go to bed so late; * vain, too, to eat the bread of toil, for he gives to his beloved sleep.
	Refrain

Jewish synagogue, a series of biblical lessons were read, a practice imitated in Christian worship from early times.

At services in the ancient

For Jews and Christians, this ancient songbook of prayers is one of the primary resources for worship. They were also Jesus' prayers—recall his allusions various psalms throughout the Gospels, such as Psalm 22:1 in Matt. 27:46 and Mk. 15:34, Pss. 42:5, 11, and 43:5 in Matt. 26:38, Jn. 12:27. The psalms are emotive, repetitious, contradictory, earthy, angry and full of wonder at simple things.

Children are a heritage from the Lord, *

and the fruit of the womb is a gift.

Like arrows in the hand of a warrior *

are the children of one's youth.

Happy is the man who has his quiver full of them! *

he shall not be put to shame
when he contends with his enemies in the gate. *Refrain*The Lord shall keep watch over your going out and your coming in.
Glory to God, Source of all being,
Eternal Word and Holy Spirit: *People*As it was in the beginning, is now,
and shall be for ever. Amen.

The Second Lesson Hebrews 9:24-28

Christ's sacrifice takes away sin.

Christ did not enter a sanctuary made by human hands, a mere copy of the true one, but he entered into heaven itself, now to appear in the presence of God on our behalf. Nor was it to offer himself again and again, as the high priest enters the Holy Place year after year with blood that is not his own; for then he would have had to suffer again and again since the foundation of the world.

But as it is, he has appeared once for all at the end of the age to remove sin by the sacrifice of himself. And just as it is appointed for mortals to die once, and after that the judgment, so Christ, having been offered once to bear the sins of many, will appear a second time, not to deal with sin, but to save those who are eagerly waiting for him.

The Word of the Lord.PeopleThanks be to God.

(Please stand)

The Gradual Hymn 'God of Grace and God of Glory' - Hymn 594 (H-1982) σ 1 God of grace and of thy God glo - ry, pour thy power; on peo - ple Lo! the hosts scorn thy Christ, as - sail his ways! 2 of e - vil round us Cure thy chil-dren's war - ring bend our pride to 3 mad - ness, thy con - trol; Save us from weak res - ig - na - tion the de - plore; 4 to e vils we crown thine an - cient Church's sto - ry; bring her bud to glo-rious flower. From the fears that long have bound us free faith and praise: our hearts to shame our wan-ton, self - ish glad-ness, rich in things and poor in soul. let the gift sal - va - tion glo - ry ev - er - more. of thy be our

The Second Lesson (often one of the Epistles) is usually read in sequence, and the readings from the Jewish Scriptures are related to either the Gospel or the Epistle readings.



Words: Harry Emerson Fosdick (1878-1969), alt. By permission of the author. Music: Cwm Rhondda, John Hughes (1873-1932).

The Holy Gospel	Mark 12:38-44
People	The Lord be with you. And also with you.
People	✤ The Holy Gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ according to Mark. Glory to you, Lord Christ.

As Jesus taught, he said, "Beware of the scribes, who like to walk around in long robes, and to be greeted with respect in the marketplaces, and to have the best seats in the synagogues and places of honor at banquets! They devour widows' houses and for the sake of appearance say long prayers. They will receive the greater condemnation."

He sat down opposite the treasury, and watched the crowd putting money into the treasury. Many rich people put in large sums. A poor widow came and put in two small copper coins, which are worth a penny.

Then he called his disciples and said to them, "Truly I tell you, this poor widow has put in more than all those who are contributing to the treasury. For all of them have contributed out of their abundance; but she out of her poverty has put in everything she had, all she had to live on."

The Gospel of the Lord.PeoplePraise to you, Lord Christ.

The Sermon

The reading from the Gospels, the climactic reading, has attracted special ceremonies, such as standing, at least as far back as the late fourth century. The reading of the Gospel and the book itself symbolize the presence of Christ in the liturgy of the word just as the Eucharistic prayer and the Eucharistic elements symbolize His presence in the liturgy of the altar.

The sermon may teach; it may even be therapeutic; it may offer a more profound knowledge of the biblical text, but these are all side effects, not the main point of preaching. Though the reading and preaching of the Word are not a sacrament, it is sacramental. That is to say, by reading and preaching, Christ does indeed become present to the congregation, just as He becomes present in the celebration of the Eucharist.

The Nicene Creed is a statement of belief widely used in Christian liturgy. It is called Nicene because it was originally adopted in the city of Nicaea (present -day İznik, Turkey) by the First Council of Nicaea in 325. In 381, it was amended at the First Council of Constantinople, and the amended form is referred to as the Nicene or the Niceno-Constantinopolitan Creed. It defines Nicene Christianity. The Oriental Orthodox and Assyrian churches use this profession of faith with the verbs in the original plural ("we believe"), but the Eastern Orthodox and Catholic churches convert those verbs to the singular ("I believe"). The Anglican and many Protestant denominations generally use the singular form, sometimes the plural.

The BCP uses the title "Prayers of the People" for the oratio fidelium or general intercessions in the Eucharist. Such prayers have a long and venerable history. Their existence was first mentioned by Justin Martyr about the year 150, and for centuries they formed a vital part of the Daily Office and Eucharistic liturgy. In the early church they usually included a long series of biddings that were chanted by a deacon, to each of which the people responded with Kyrie eleison.

The Nicene Creed People

	We believe in one God, the Father, the Almighty,
	maker of heaven and earth,
	of all that is, seen and unseen.
	We believe in one Lord, Jesus Christ,
	the only Son of God,
	eternally begotten of the Father, God from God, Light from Light,
	true God from true God,
	begotten, not made,
	of one Being with the Father.
	Through him all things were made.
	For us and for our salvation he came down from heaven:
	by the power of the Holy Spirit
	he became incarnate from the Virgin Mary,
	and was made man.
	For our sake he was crucified under Pontius Pilate;
	he suffered death and was buried.
	On the third day he rose again
	in accordance with the Scriptures;
	he ascended into heaven
	and is seated at the right hand of the Father.
	He will come again in glory to judge the living and the dead,
	and his kingdom will have no end.
	We believe in the Holy Spirit, the Lord, the giver of life,
	who proceeds from the Father and the Son.
	With the Father and the Son he is worshiped and glorified. He has spoken through the Prophets.
	We believe in one holy catholic and apostolic Church.
	We acknowledge one baptism for the forgiveness of sins.
₩	We look for the resurrection of the dead,
_	and the life of the world to come.
	Amen.

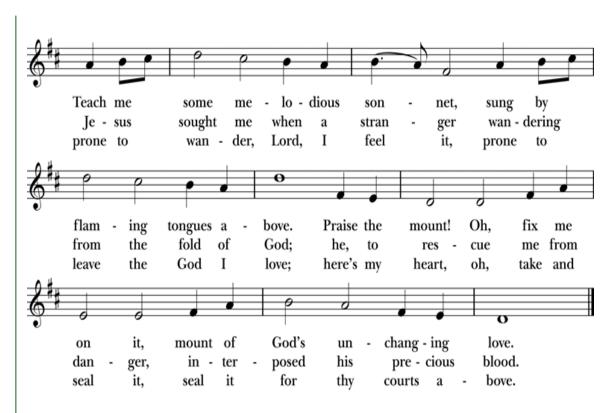
(Please kneel)

The Prayers of the People

The Parish Prayer

	Let us pray -
People	Gracious Father, your loving providence has brought us into the sacred fellowship of this parish. Help us to praise you with such holy worship; serve you with unselfish love; and to give so generously for the spread of your kingdom that we may be worthy members of the one holy catholic and apostolic Church, faithfully fulfilling our mission: to make known your truth, help the needy, and proclaim the abundant life in your name. This we pray through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

An intercession is a prayer for another or others.	The Intercessions	
Intercession "brings before God the needs of oth-	The Confession of Sin	
ers" (BCP, p. 857). It is one	We pray also for the forgiveness of our sins.	
of the seven principal kinds of prayer (BCP, p. 856).	People Have mercy upon us, most merciful Father; in your compassion forgive us our sins,	
The Confession of Sin is the corporate acknowl- edgement of our sin (missing the mark) and our desire to live into the fullness of God's call for us.	known and unknown, things done and left undone; and so uphold us by your Spirit that we may live and serve you in newness of life, to the honor and glory of your Name; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.	
In the Absolution the priest proclaims God's abundant grace and de- clares forgiveness to all.	The Absolution ▲ Almighty God have mercy on you, forgive you all your sins through our Lord Jesus Christ, strengthen you in all goodness, and by the power of the Holy Spirit	
	keep you in eternal life.	
	People Amen.	
The Peace is an ancient practice among Christians. It is a sign of love, affec- tion, reconciliation, and greeting.	(Please stand The Peace People And also with you. (We greet one another in the name of the Lord) The Offertory Hymn 'Lord, You Give the Great Commission' - Hymn 586 (H-1982))
		_
	1 Come, thou fount of ev - ery bless - ing, tune my 2 Here I find my great - est trea - sure; hith - er,	
	2 Here I find my great - est trea - sure; hith - er, 3 Oh, to grace how great a debt - or dai - ly	
	_∧ #	
		_
	heart to sing thy grace! Streams of mer - cy nev - er	
	by thy help, I've come; and I hope, by thy good	
	I'm con - strained to be! Let thy good - ness, like a	
		_
		=
	ceas - ing, call for songs of loud - est praise.	
	plea - sure, safe - ly to ar - rive at home.	
	fet - ter, bind my wan - dering heart to thee:	



Words: Robert Robinson (1735-1790), alt. Music: Nettleton, melody from A Repository of Sacred Music, Part II, 1813; harm. Gerre Hancock (b. 1934).

The Offertory Sentence

Praise God, from whom all blessings flow;
Praise Him, all creatures here below;
Praise Him above, ye heavenly host;
Praise Father, Son, and Holy Ghost!

The Offertory Blessing

	Blessed are you, Lord, God of all creation. Through your goodness we have these gifts to share. Yours, Lord, is the greatness, the power, the glory, the splendor and the majesty; for everything in heaven and on earth is yours. All things come from you and of your own do we give to you.
People	✤ Blessed be God for ever.
	Blessed are you, Lord, God of all creation. Through your goodness we have this bread to offer, which earth has given and human hands have made. For us it becomes the bread of heaven.
People	
	Blessed are you, Lord, God of all creation. Through your goodness we have this wine to offer, fruit of the vine and work of human hands. For us it becomes the cup of salvation.
People	✤ Blessed be God for ever.

In the words of the Sursum Corda (meaning 'lift up your hearts') we give thanks for the life, death and resurrection of Christ, in whom and through whom creation is restored in God's perfect likeness and all creation is united to God and each other. The consecratory prayer concludes with the Great AMEN.

The Eucharistic Preface to begin the Eucharistic Prayer expresses the great richness of the liturgical seasons - Advent, Christmas, Epiphany, Lent, and so on. They are theological lyrics, sometimes of great beauty.

In the Sanctus we join with saints and angels and all of creation in a song of praise and thanksgiving to God.

THE HOLY COMMUNION

Book of Common Prayer, pp. 361-66

Sursum Corda				
People	The Lord be with you. And also with you.			
People	Lift up your hearts. We lift them to the Lord.			
People	Let us give thanks to the Lord our God. It is right to give him thanks and praise.			

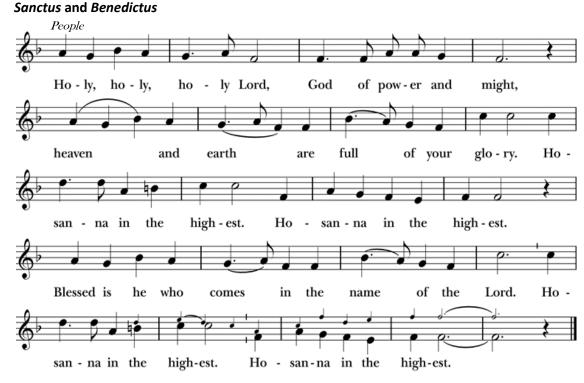
The Eucharistic Preface

It is truly right and just, our duty and our salvation, always and everywhere to give you thanks, holy Father, almighty and eternal God. From sunrise to sunset this day is holy, for Christ has risen from the tomb and scattered the darkness of death with light that will not fade.

> This day the risen Lord walks with your gathered people, unfolds for us your word, and makes himself known in the breaking of the bread.

And though the night will overtake this day you summon us to live in endless light, the never-ceasing sabbath of the Lord.

And so with choirs of angels, with all the heavenly host, we proclaim your glory and join their unending song of praise:



Musi

Music: From A Community Mass; Richard Proulx (b. 1937). Copyright © 1971, 1977 GIA Publications, Inc.

Jesus did four important things when he shared bread with the disciples: he <u>took</u> bread, <u>blessed</u> it, <u>broke</u> it, and <u>gave</u> it. And after he rose from the dead, the disciples recognized Jesus by these same four actions. He did the same when he fed the crowd of five thousand people who had heard him come to preach (Matt. 14).

These Words of Institution ('Do this for the remembrance of me') are addressed not to the congregation, but to God. This is not a reenactment of the Last Supper, but a prayer to God.

The Memorial Acclamation follows the Institution narrative - the words Jesus used at the Last Supper over bread and wine. It is our response to God's coming to dwell among us, particularly in the transformation of bread and wine into Christ's Body and Blood.

The Epiclesis is a liturgical invocation of the Holy Spirit for the purpose of consecrating the Eucharistic elements. It follows the Words of Institution and is regarded as the point at which the eucharistic bread and wine become the body and blood of Christ.

Words of Institution

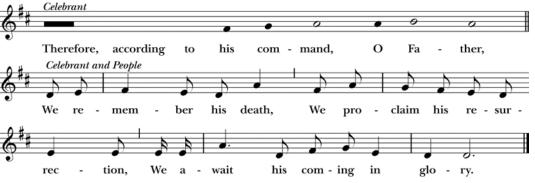
Holy and gracious Father: in your infinite love you made us for yourself, and, when we had fallen into sin and become subject to evil and death, you, in your mercy, sent Jesus Christ, your only and eternal Son, to share our human nature, to live and die as one of us, to reconcile us to you, the God and Father of all. He stretched out his arms upon the cross,

and offered himself, in obedience to your will, a perfect sacrifice for the whole world.

On the night he was handed over to suffering and death, our Lord Jesus Christ took bread; and when he had given thanks to you, he broke it, and gave it to his disciples, and said, "Take, eat: this is my Body, which is given for you. Do this for the remembrance of me."

After supper he took the cup of wine; and when he had given thanks, he gave it to them, and said, "Drink this, all of you: this is my Blood of the new Covenant, which is shed for you and for many for the forgiveness of sins. Whenever you drink it, do this for the remembrance of me."

The Memorial Acclamation



Music: McNeil Robinson II (b. 1943). Copyright © 1984 Theodore Presser Co. Used by permission of the publisher.

Epiclesis

We celebrate the memorial of our redemption, O Father, in this sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving. Recalling his death, resurrection, and ascension, we offer you these gifts.

✤ Sanctify them by your Holy Spirit to be for your people the Body and Blood of your Son, the holy food and drink of new and unending life in him. The Lord's Prayer forms the natural climax of our participation in Christ's self-offering. Our corporate recitation binds us together at a focal point in the celebration and expresses our unity with one another in Christ.

Bread is broken in order to be shared. Symbolically Christians have seen in the breaking of the bread a reminder of the Lord's body broken on the cross and of our own need to be broken in order both to share in the life of Christ and to share that life with others.

Agnus Dei is the Latin name under which the "Lamb of God" is honored within the Eucharist and, by extension, other Christian liturgies descending from the Latin tradition.

Sanctify us also that we may faithfully receive this holy Sacrament, and serve you in unity, constancy, and peace; and at the last day bring us with all your saints into the joy of your eternal kingdom. All this we ask through your Son Jesus Christ. By him, and with him, and in him, in the unity of the Holy Spirit all honor and glory is yours, Almighty Father, now and for ever. People Amen. The Lord's Prayer And now, as our Savior Christ has taught us, we are bold to say -People Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy Name, thy kingdom come,

> thy will be done, on earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us.

And lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil. For thine is the kingdom and the power, and the glory, for ever and ever. Amen.

The Fraction

People

Christ our Passover is sacrificed for us. Therefore let us keep the feast.

Agnus Dei





Music: From *Deutsche Messe*; Franz Peter Schubert (1797-1828); arr. Richard Proulx (b. 1937). Adaptation: Copyright © 1985 GIA Publications, Inc.

Ecce Agnus Dei ★ Behold the Lamb of God, behold him who takes away the sins of the world. Happy are we who are called to his supper. People Lord, I am not worthy to receive you; but speak the word only and my soul shall be healed. The Invitation The Gifts of God for the People of God. Take them in remembrance that Christ died for you, and feed on him in your hearts by faith, with thanksgiving. Come.

(Please kneel)

The Post-communion Prayer

	Let us pray -
People	Almighty and everliving God, we thank you for feeding us with the spiritual food of the most precious Body and Blood of your Son our Savior Jesus Christ; and for assuring us in these holy mysteries that we are living members of the Body of your Son, and heirs of your eternal kingdom.
	And now, Father, send us out to do the work you have given us to do, to love and serve you as faithful witnesses of Christ our Lord. To him, to you, and to the Holy Spirit, be honor and glory, now and for ever. Amen.

Ecce Agnus Dei ('Behold the Lamb of God') was spoken by John the Baptist immediately before he baptized Christ.

The final part of Holy Communion proclaims our going out. Unlike all other prayers in the service, here we proclaim our readiness to go out into the world to love and to serve God. Nourished with the body and blood of Christ, we are ready to do God's work in the world. The Blessing is not a closing prayer but God's blessing pronounced by the priest on the congregation as it is about to leave. We go out to meet joys and obligations, pleasures and troubles, secure in the shelter of God's trustworthy Word, and strong in its power.

The Blessing

The Lord Jesus Christ, Son of the living God, teach you to walk in his way more trustfully, to accept his truth more faithfully, and to share his life more lovingly; that, by the power of the Holy Spirit, you may come as one family to the kingdom of the Father.

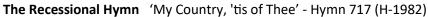
 And the blessing of God almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit, be among you and remain with you, and all those whom you love, this day and always. Amen.

Welcome, Parish Announcements

People

(Please sit)

(Please stand)







Words: Samuel Francis Smith (1808-1895). Music: America, from Thesaurus Musicus, 1745.

The Dismissal

People	Go in peace to love and serve the Lord. Thanks be to God.	
The Postlude	'Postlude'	W. Owen



The term 'Dismissal' comes from the Latin Ite, missa est, "Go, it is the sending."

Postlude is the lesserknown counterpart to "prelude". At the root of both terms is the Latin verb 'ludere' ("to play"), and a postlude is essentially "something played afterward."



TRINITY *Episcopal* CHURCH GULPH MILLS

WELCOME TO TRINITY

Grace to you and peace from God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ. Everyone at Trinity welcomes you and rejoices in sharing together. For more than a century this congregation from Gulph Mills, King of Prussia and Conshohocken has been worshiping, celebrating, and serving this community. We hope you will come again and join us in our faith-inspired hospitality and discipleship.

OUR CALLING

Trinity welcomes all, gathering in faith, serving in love, and proclaiming the abundant life with hope through Jesus Christ.

OUR VALUES

Trinity is a church that values: reverent sacramental worship, gracious hospitality and care, generous and spontaneous outreach and comprehensive Christian formation.

IN OUR PRAYERS THIS WEEK

We hold before God our parish, praying especially for those who are sick, homebound, or in pastoral need, especially Patty McBride, Lorna Nixon, Agnes Rash, Fatima Wall, Charlie Kessler, and Sally Abbruzzi.

We also remember in our prayers relatives and friends in need – Ronald James Spence, Beverly Hamilton, Patrick Prante, Brody Matthew Beasley, David Shoemaker, and Beth Hanna.

LAY LEADERS

Usher Lector - The First Lesson Lector - The Second Lesson **Today** Marty Trumpler Anne Trumpler Bill McGary Next Sunday Barb Linnenbaugh Marie Robson Barb Linnenbaugh

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

ORGANIST ROGER CASTELLANI CANTOR TIFFANY NACK

ORDER OF SERVICE DESIGN TOM NATALINI

Music

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